

Data Protection Policy



Formby High School
Determined to Achieve

Contents

1. Aims.....	2
2. Legislation and Guidance	3
3. Definitions	3
4. The Data Controller	4
5. Roles and responsibilities	4
6. Data protection principles.....	5
7. Collecting personal data.....	6
8. Sharing personal data	6
9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals.....	7
10. Parental requests to see the educational record.....	9
11. Biometric recognition systems	9
12. CCTV	9
13. Photographs and videos.....	9
14. Data protection by design and default	10
15. Data security and storage of records	11
16. Disposal of records	12
17. Personal data breaches.....	12
18. Training.....	12
19. Monitoring arrangements.....	12
20. Links with other policies	12
Appendix 1: Personal data breach procedure	13

1. Aims

Formby High School is required to keep certain personal data about its staff and students in order to fulfil its purpose and to meet its legal obligations to funding bodies and government. To comply with the law, information must be collected and used fairly, stored safely and not disclosed to any other person unlawfully. Our school aims to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, students, parents, Governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the [General Data Protection Regulation 2018 \(GDPR\)](#) and the provisions as set out in the UK Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018.

This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

All Formby High School staff have been provided with Data Protection and GDPR awareness training and will receive annual refresher training alongside any training/information updates as and when deemed appropriate to ensure the ongoing best practice in data protection in the school. The policy is communicated to all staff in the Staff Handbook and they are expected to understand and abide by it. Any breach of this policy will be taken seriously and may result in formal action being taken. Any member of staff or student who considers that the policy has not been followed in respect of personal data about themselves should raise the matter with the Data Protection Lead. External stakeholders have access to this policy via the school website.

2. Legislation and Guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the GDPR and the provisions of the DPA. It is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the [GDPR](#).

It meets the requirements of the [Protection of Freedoms Act 2012](#) when referring to our use of biometric data.

It also reflects the ICO's [code of practice](#) for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information.

This policy complies with Formby High School's Funding Agreement and Articles of Association.

3. Definitions

Term	Definition
Personal data	Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable, living individual. This may include the individual's: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name (including initials) • Identification number • Location data • Online identifier, such as a username It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity.
Special categories of personal data	Personal data which is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Racial or ethnic origin • Political opinions • Religious or philosophical beliefs • Trade union membership • Genetics • Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes • Health – physical or mental • Sexual orientation
Processing	Anything done to personal data, such as collecting, recording, organising, structuring, storing, adapting, altering, retrieving, using, disseminating, erasing or destroying. Processing can be automated or manual.
Data subject	The identified or identifiable individual whose personal data is held or processed.
Data controller	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.
Data processor	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.

Personal data breach	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.
-----------------------------	---

4. The Data Controller

Formby High School processes personal data relating to parents, students, staff, Governors, visitors and others, and is, therefore, a data controller. As a data controller, the school is legally required to register with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) annually under the GDPR. Formby High School is registered with the ICO under reference Z2867782.

If you have any questions regarding Data Protection at Formby High School, please contact the Data Protection Lead (DPO@formbyhighschool.com) / 01704 835650).

5. Roles and Responsibilities

This policy applies to **all staff** employed at Formby High School, and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

5.1 Governing Body

The School is a registered data controller and Governors hold overall responsibility to ensure that our school complies with all relevant data protection obligations and that:

- the policy is reviewed every two years (in line with statutory requirements).
- the policy is clearly communicated, implemented and monitored by the school.

5.2 Data Protection Officer

The Data Protection Officer (DPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable. He/she will provide an annual report of their activities directly to the Governing Body and, where relevant, report to the Governing Body their advice and recommendations on school data protection issues.

The DPO is also the first point of contact for individuals whose data the school processes, and for the ICO. **Our DPO is GDPR in Schools Ltd** (dpois@gdpr.school).

5.3 Headteacher

The Headteacher will ensure that:

- the policy is presented for review by Governors every two years (according to the requirements of the GDPR/DPA 2018) and arrangements are reviewed by the school annually to ensure the policy reflects up to date best practice in data management, security and control.
- the policy is clearly communicated to all stakeholders and the school's obligations under the policy are fully met.
- the school complies fully with the GDPR/DPA 2018 and manages its information and records appropriately.

5.4 Data Protection Lead (DPL)

The Headteacher has designated a single point of contact for all matters relating to data protection in Formby High School known as the Data Protection Lead (DPL). The DPL will ensure that:

- the school complies fully with the GDPR/DPA 2018 and manages its information and records appropriately.

- the school provides clear communication to stakeholders about what/why personal data is collected and details of any sharing of information. The school will do this via 'Privacy Notices' which will be issued to stakeholders annually.
- all staff who are responsible for handling personal data are fully aware of, and understand, the school's obligations and receive the appropriate training.
- the school registers with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) annually, providing or updating the school's 'notification'.
- the school shares information with others only when it is legally appropriate to do so or where explicit consent has been received by the data subject.
- personal information is not retained for longer than is necessary and that when obsolete information is destroyed, it is done so appropriately and securely.
- procedures are in place to ensure compliance with the duty to respond to requests for access to personal information, known as 'Subject Access Requests' (SAR).
- all necessary precautions are in place to protect against physical loss or damage, and that both access and disclosure is restricted, irrespective of the format in which it is recorded.

5.5 All Staff

Data Protection is a responsibility of all staff at Formby High School. All staff are responsible for:

- Collecting, storing and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy.
- Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address.
- Contacting the DPL/DPO in the following circumstances:
 - With any questions about the operation of this policy, data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure.
 - If they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed.
 - If they are unsure whether or not they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way.
 - If they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the European Economic Area.
 - If there has been a data breach.
 - Whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals.
 - If they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties.

6. Data Protection Principles

The GDPR/DPA 2018 is based on compliance with the following data protection principles requiring that data is:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner.
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes.
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed.
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date.
- Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed.
- Processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure.

This policy sets out how the school aims to comply with these principles.

7. Collecting Personal Data

7.1 Lawfulness, fairness and transparency

We will only process personal data where we have **one** of **six** 'lawful bases' (legal reasons) to do so under data protection law:

- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **fulfil a contract** with the data subject, or the data subject has asked the school to take specific steps before entering into a contract.
- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **comply with a legal obligation**.
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual e.g. to protect someone's life.
- The data needs to be processed so that the school, as a public authority, can perform a task **in the public interest**, and carry out its official functions.
- The data needs to be processed for the **legitimate interests** of the school (where the processing is not for any tasks the school performs as a public authority) or a third party (provided the individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden).
- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a student) has freely given clear **consent**.

For special categories of personal data, we will also meet one of the special category conditions for processing under data protection law:

- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a student) has given **explicit consent**.
- The data needs to be processed to perform or exercise obligations or rights in relation to **employment, social security or social protection law**.
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual or another person, where the individual is physically or legally incapable of giving consent.
- The data has already been made **manifestly public** by the individual.
- The data needs to be processed for the establishment, exercise or defence of **legal claims**.
- The data needs to be processed for reasons of **substantial public interest** as defined in legislation.
- The data needs to be processed for **health or social care purposes**, and the processing is done by, or under the direction of, a health or social work professional or by any other person obliged to confidentiality under the law.

For criminal offence data, we will meet both a lawful basis and a condition set out under data protection law. Conditions include:

- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a student) has given **consent**.
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual or another person, where the individual is physically or legally incapable of giving consent.
- The data has already been made **manifestly public** by the individual.
- The data needs to be processed for or in connection with legal proceedings, to obtain legal advice, or for the establishment, exercise or defence of **legal rights**.

- The data needs to be processed for reasons of **substantial public interest** as defined in legislation.

Whenever we first collect personal data directly from individuals, we will provide them with the relevant information required by data protection law.

We will always consider the fairness of our data processing. We will ensure we do not handle personal data in ways that individuals would not reasonably expect, or use personal data in ways which have unjustified adverse effects on them.

7.2 Limitation, minimisation and accuracy

We will only collect personal data for specified, explicit and legitimate reasons. We will explain these reasons to the individuals when we first collect their data. If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those given when we first obtained it, we will inform the individuals concerned before we do so, and seek consent where necessary.

Staff must only process personal data where it is necessary in order to do their jobs.

We will keep data accurate and, where necessary, up to date. Inaccurate data will be rectified or erased when appropriate.

When staff no longer need the personal data they hold, they must ensure it is deleted, destroyed or anonymised. This will be done in accordance with the school's Record Retention Schedule.

8. Sharing Personal Data

We will not normally share personal data with anyone else without consent, but there are certain circumstances where we may be required to do so. These include, but are not limited to, situations where:

- There is an issue with a student or parent/carer that puts the safety of our staff at risk
- We need to liaise with other agencies – we will seek consent as necessary before doing this
- Our suppliers or contractors need data to enable us to provide services to our staff and students – for example, educational support services. When doing this, we will:
 - only appoint suppliers or contractors which can provide sufficient guarantees that they comply with data protection law
 - establish a contract with the supplier or contractor to ensure the fair and lawful processing of any personal data we share
 - only share data that the supplier or contractor needs to carry out their service.
- We will also share personal data with law enforcement and government bodies where we are legally required to do so.
- We may also share personal data with emergency services and local authorities to help them to respond to an emergency situation that affects any of our students or staff.

Where we transfer personal data internationally, we will do so in accordance with data protection law.

9. Subject Access Requests (SAR) and other Rights of Individuals

9.1 Subject Access Requests

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- Confirmation that their personal data is being processed.
- Access to a copy of the data.
- The purposes of the data processing.
- The categories of personal data concerned.

- Who the data has been, or will be, shared with.
- How long the data will be stored for, or if this is not possible, the criteria used to determine this period.
- Where relevant, the existence of the right to request rectification, erasure or restriction, or to object to such processing.
- The right to lodge a complaint with the ICO or another supervisory authority.
- The source of the data, if not the individual.
- Whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual.
- The safeguards provided if the data is being transferred internationally.

Subject access requests must be submitted in any form to the DPL but we may be able to respond to requests more quickly if they are made in writing and include:

- Name of individual making the request.
- Correspondence address.
- Contact telephone number and email address.
- Details of the information requested.

If an employee receives a subject access request they must immediately forward it to the school's Data Protection Lead.

9.2 Children and subject access requests

Personal data about a child belongs to that child, and not the child's parents or carers. For a parent or carer to make a subject access request with respect to their child, the child must either be unable to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request, or have given their consent.

Children aged 13 and above are generally regarded to be mature enough to understand their rights and the implications of a subject access request. Therefore, most subject access requests from parents or carers of students at our school may not be granted without the express permission of the student. This is not a rule and a student's ability to understand their rights will always be judged on a case-by-case basis.

9.3 Responding to subject access requests

When responding to requests, we:

- Will ask the individual making the request to provide two forms of identification.
- Will contact the individual via phone to confirm the request was made.
- Will respond without delay and within one month of receipt of the request (or receipt of the additional information needed to confirm identity, where relevant).
- Will provide the information free of charge.
- May tell the individual we will comply within three months of receipt of the request, where a request is complex or numerous. We will inform the individual of this within one month, and explain why the extension is necessary.

We may not disclose information for a variety of reasons, such as if it:

- Might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the student or another individual.
- Would reveal that the child is being or has been abused, or is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests.
- Would include another individual's personal data that we cannot reasonably anonymise, and we do not have the other individual's consent and it would be unreasonable to proceed without it.
- Is part of certain sensitive documents, such as those related to crime, immigration, legal proceedings or legal professional privilege, management forecasts, negotiations, confidential references, or examination scripts.

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it, or charge a reasonable fee which takes into account administrative costs. We will take into account whether the request is repetitive in nature when making this decision.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell him/her that he/she has the right to complain to the ICO or they can seek to enforce their subject access right through the courts.

9.4 Other data protection rights of the individual

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it (see section 7), individuals also have the right to:

- Withdraw their consent to processing at any time.
- Ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data (in certain circumstances).
- Prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing.
- Object to processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest, official authority or legitimate interests.
- Challenge decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (ie making or evaluating things about an individual based on their personal data with no human involvement).
- Be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances.
- Make a complaint to the ICO.
- Ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format (in certain circumstances).

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the DPO. If staff receive such a request, they must immediately forward it to the school's Data Protection Lead.

10. Parental Requests to See the Educational Record

Parents, or those with parental responsibility, have a legal right to free access to their child's educational record (which includes most information about a student) within 15 school days of receipt of a written request.

If the request is for a copy of the educational record, the school may charge a fee to cover the cost of supplying it.

This right applies as long as the student concerned is aged under 18.

There are certain circumstances in which this right can be denied, such as if releasing the information might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the student or another individual, or if it would mean releasing examination marks before they are officially announced.

11. Biometric Recognition System(s)

We use students' biometric data as part of an automated biometric recognition system used to pay for school lunches instead of paying with cash and, in so doing, we will comply with the requirements of the [Protection of Freedoms Act 2012](#). Note that in the context of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012, a "child" means a person under the age of 18.

Parents/carers will be notified before their child first takes part in it. The school will obtain written consent from at least one parent or carer before we take any biometric data from their child and first process it.

Parents/carers and students have the right to choose not to use the school's biometric system(s). In this case, the child will be provided with a unique Personal Identification Number (PIN).

Parents/carers and students can withdraw consent, at any time, and we will make sure that any relevant data already captured is deleted.

As required by law, if a student refuses to participate in, or continue to participate in, the processing of their biometric data, we will not process that data irrespective of any consent given by the student's parent(s)/carer(s).

Where staff members or other adults use the school's biometric system(s), we will also obtain their consent before they first take part in it, and provide alternative means of accessing the relevant service if they object. Staff and other adults can also withdraw consent at any time, and the school will delete any relevant data already captured.

12. CCTV

We use CCTV in various external locations around the school site to ensure it remains safe. We will adhere to the ICO's [code of practice](#) for the use of CCTV.

We do not need to ask individuals' permission to use CCTV, but we make it clear where individuals are being recorded. Security cameras are clearly visible and accompanied by prominent signs explaining that CCTV is in use.

Any enquiries about the CCTV system should be directed to the Premises and Facilities Manager.

13. Photographs and Videos

As part of our school activities, we may take photographs and record images of individuals within our school.

Where we need parental consent, we will clearly explain to both the parent/carers and student how the photograph and/or video will be used. Where we do not need parental consent, we will clearly explain to the student how the photograph and/or video will be used.

Uses may include:

- Within school on notice boards and in school magazines, brochures, newsletters, etc.
- Outside of school by external agencies such as the school photographer, newspapers, campaigns.
- Online on our school website or social media pages.

Where consent is required we will obtain written consent from parents/carers upon admission in Year 7 (or at the point of admission in other years). As the data is actually the child's data, at the end of Year 8 the school will also ensure we have the student's consent regarding use of their photograph for promotional purposes.

Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time by confirming this in writing to the Examinations and Data Department. If consent is withdrawn, we will take all reasonable measures to delete all known photographs or videos.

When using photographs and videos in this way we only use the forename of the student in any accompanying text. Please refer to our Child Protection Policy for further information.

Any photographs and videos taken by parents/carers at school events for their own personal use are not covered by data protection legislation. However, we ask that photos or videos with other students are not shared publicly on social media for safeguarding reasons, unless all the relevant parents/carers (or students where appropriate) have agreed to this.

14. Data Protection by Design and Default

We will put measures in place to show that we have integrated data protection into all of our data processing activities, including:

- Appointing a suitably qualified DPO, and ensuring they have the necessary resources to fulfil their duties and maintain their expert knowledge.

- Only processing personal data that is necessary for each specific purpose of processing, and always in line with the data protection principles set out in relevant data protection law (see section 6).
- Completing privacy impact assessments where the school's processing of personal data presents a high risk to rights and freedoms of individuals, and when introducing new technologies (the DPO will advise on this process).
- Integrating data protection into internal documents, including this policy, any related policies and privacy notices.
- Regularly training members of staff on data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other data protection matters; we will also keep a record of attendance.
- Regularly conducting reviews and audits to test our privacy measures and make sure we are compliant.
- Appropriate safeguards being put in place if we transfer any personal data outside of the European Economic Area (EEA), where different data protection laws will apply.
- Maintaining records of our processing activities, including:
 - For the benefit of data subjects, making available the name and contact details of our school and DPO and all information we are required to share about how we use and process their personal data (via our privacy notices).
 - For all personal data that we hold, maintaining an internal record of the type of data, data subject, how and why we are using the data, any third-party recipients, any transfers outside of the EEA and the safeguards for those, retention periods and how we are keeping the data secure.

15. Data Security and Storage of Records

We will protect personal data and keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage.

In particular:

- Paper-based records and portable electronic devices, such as laptops and hard drives that contain personal data, are kept under lock and key when not in use.
- Papers containing confidential personal data must not be left on office and classroom desks, on staffroom tables, or left anywhere else where there is general access.
- Where personal information needs to be taken off site, staff must obtain prior approval from a member of the Senior Leadership Team and take full responsibility for the protection and security of that data whilst off site.
- Passwords that are at least eight characters long containing letters and numbers are used to access school computers, laptops and other electronic devices. Staff and students are reminded to change their passwords at regular intervals and should not use passwords from other sites.
- Encryption software is used to protect all portable devices and removable media, such as laptops and USB devices.
- Staff, students or Governors who store personal information on their personal devices are expected to follow the same security procedures as for school-owned equipment (see our ICT Acceptable Use Policies (Staff and Students) and Online Safety Policy).
- Where we need to share personal data with a third party, we carry out due diligence and take reasonable steps to ensure it is stored securely and adequately protected (see section 8). All suppliers with whom we share personal data are recorded within our GDPRiS system and data sharing agreements are recorded and reviewed as appropriate.

16. Disposal of Records

Personal data that is no longer needed will be disposed of securely. Personal data that has become inaccurate or out of date will also be disposed of securely, where we cannot or do not need to rectify or update it. For example, we will shred or incinerate paper-based records and overwrite or delete electronic files. We may also use a third party to safely dispose of records on the school's behalf. If we do so, we will require the third party to provide sufficient guarantees that it complies with data protection law.

17. Personal Data Breaches

The school will make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches. In the unlikely event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in Appendix 1. All data breaches will be recorded on our internal GDPRiS system and shared with our DPO who will advise on further reporting required to the ICO (see Appendix 1). Where appropriate we will report the data breach to the ICO within 72 hours after becoming aware of it. Such breaches in a school context may include, but are not limited to:

- A non-anonymised dataset being published on the school website which shows the exam results of students eligible for the Pupil Premium.
- Safeguarding information being made available to an unauthorised person.
- The theft of a school laptop containing non-encrypted personal data about students.

18. Training

All staff and Governors are provided with data protection training as part of their induction process. Data protection will also form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or the school's processes make it necessary.

19. Monitoring arrangements

The DPO is responsible for monitoring and reviewing this policy.

This policy will be reviewed annually by the school and presented to the Governing Body **every two years** for review and approval.

20. Links with other policies

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Child Protection Policy
- Freedom of Information Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- ICT Acceptable Use Policy (Staff)
- ICT Acceptable Use Policy (Staff)
- Safeguarding Policy
- Records Retention Schedule

Appendix 1: Personal data breach procedure

This procedure is based on [guidance on personal data breaches](#) produced by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO).

- On finding or causing a breach, or potential breach, the staff member or data processor must immediately notify the Data Protection Lead (DPL) and record the information on the GDPRiS System.
- The DPO will investigate the report and determine whether a breach has occurred. To decide, the DPO will consider whether personal data has been accidentally or unlawfully:
 - Lost
 - Stolen
 - Destroyed
 - Altered
 - Disclosed or made available where it should not have been
 - Made available to unauthorised people
- The DPO will alert the Headteacher and the Chair of Governors.
- The DPO will make all reasonable efforts to contain and minimise the impact of the breach, assisted by relevant staff members or data processors where necessary.
- The DPO will assess the potential consequences, based on how serious they are, and how likely they are to happen again.
- The DPO will work out whether the breach must be reported to the ICO. This must be judged on a case-by-case basis. To decide, the DPO will consider whether the breach is likely to negatively affect people's rights and freedoms, and cause them any physical, material or non-material damage (e.g. emotional distress), including through:
 - Loss of control over their data
 - Discrimination
 - Identify theft or fraud
 - Financial loss
 - Unauthorised reversal of pseudonymisation (for example, key-coding)
 - Damage to reputation
 - Loss of confidentiality
 - Any other significant economic or social disadvantage to the individual(s) concerned

If it is likely that there will be a risk to people's rights and freedoms, the DPO must notify the ICO.

- The DPO will document the decision (either way) in case it is challenged at a later date by the ICO or an individual affected by the breach. Documented decisions are stored on the school's GDPRiS system.
- Where the ICO must be notified, the DPO will do this via the ['report a breach' page of the ICO website](#), or through their breach report line (0303 123 1113) within 72 hours. As required, the DPO will set out:
 - A description of the nature of the personal data breach including, where possible:
 - The categories and approximate number of individuals concerned
 - The categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
 - The name and contact details of the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be taken, to deal with the breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- If all the above details are not yet known, the DPO will report as much as they can within 72 hours. The report will explain that there is a delay, the reasons why and when the DPO expects to have further information. The DPO will submit the remaining information as soon as possible.

- The DPO will also assess the risk to individuals, again based on the severity and likelihood of potential or actual impact. If the risk is high, the DPO will promptly inform, in writing, all individuals whose personal data has been breached. This notification will set out:
 - A description, in clear and plain language, of the nature of the personal breach
 - The name and contact details of the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be, taken to deal with the data breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned

As above, any decision on whether to contact individuals will be documented by the DPO.

- The DPO will notify any relevant third parties who can help mitigate the loss to individuals – for example, the police, insurers, banks or credit card companies.
- The DPO will document each breach, irrespective of whether it is reported to the ICO. For each breach, this record will include the:
 - Facts and cause
 - Effects
 - Action taken to contain it and ensure it does not happen again (such as establishing more robust processes or providing further training for individuals)

Records of all breaches will be stored on the school's GDPRiS system

- The DPO and Headteacher will meet to review what happened and how it can be stopped from happening again. This meeting will happen as soon as reasonably possible.

Actions to minimise the impact of data breaches

We will take the actions set out below to mitigate the impact of different types of data breach, focusing especially on breaches involving particularly risky or sensitive information. We will review the effectiveness of these actions and amend them as necessary after any data breach.

Special category data (sensitive information) being disclosed via email (including safeguarding records)

- If special category data is accidentally made available via email to unauthorised individuals, the sender must attempt to recall the email as soon as they become aware of the error
- Members of staff who receive personal data sent in error must alert the sender and the DPO as soon as they become aware of the error
- If the sender is unavailable or cannot recall the email for any reason, the DPO will ask the ICT department to recall it
- In any cases where the recall is unsuccessful, the DPO will contact the relevant unauthorised individuals who received the email, explain that the information was sent in error, and request that those individuals delete the information and do not share, publish, save or replicate it in any way
- The DPO will ensure we receive a written response from all the individuals who received the data, confirming that they have complied with this request